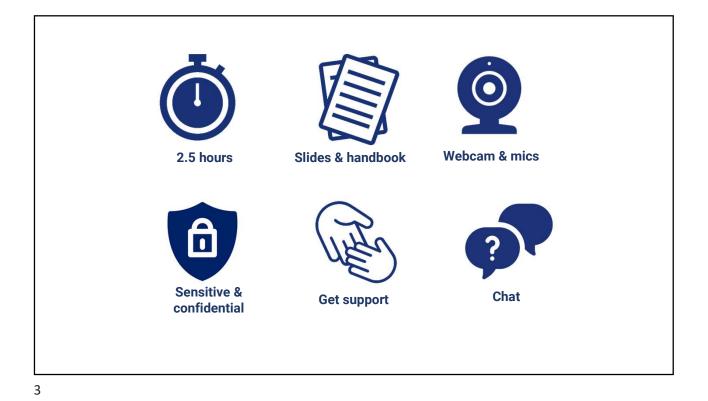
Safeguarding Leads [and Deputies] Training

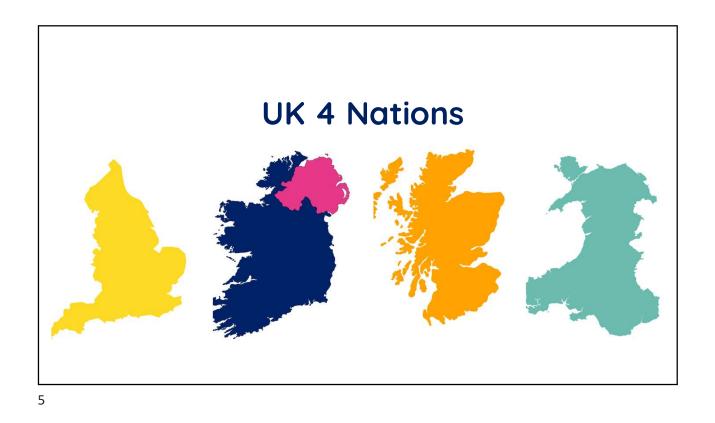
Session <sup>-</sup>



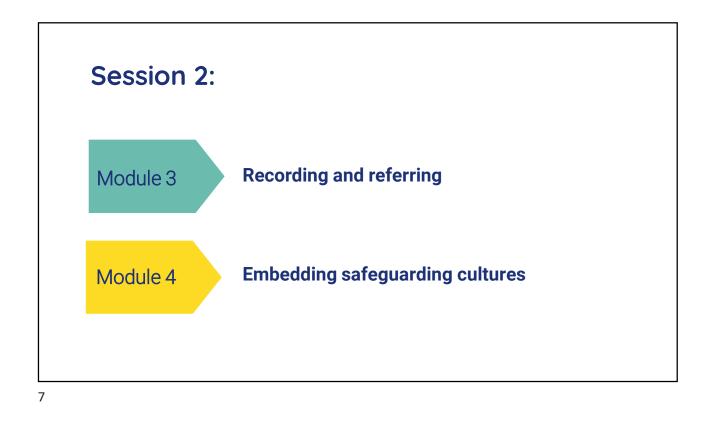
Introductions



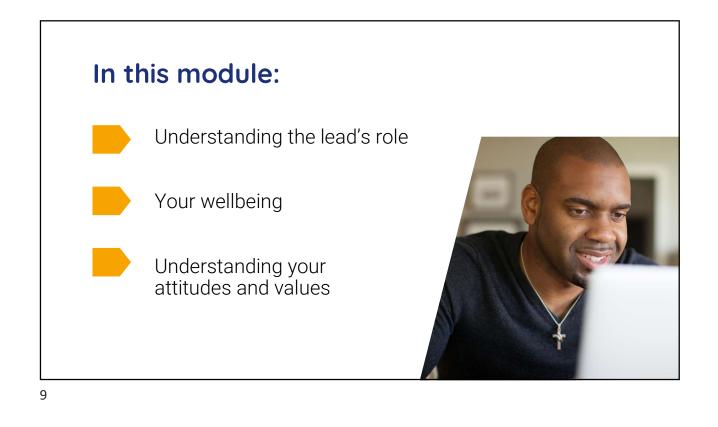




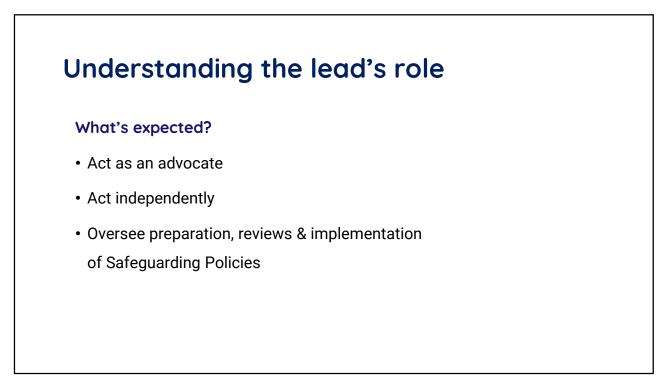




# Module 1: The [Deputy] Safeguarding Lead Role







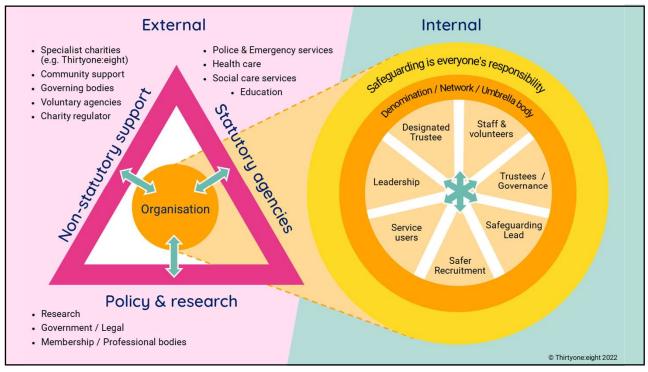
# Understanding the lead's role

What are your concerns?

...your encouragements?

...your hopes?

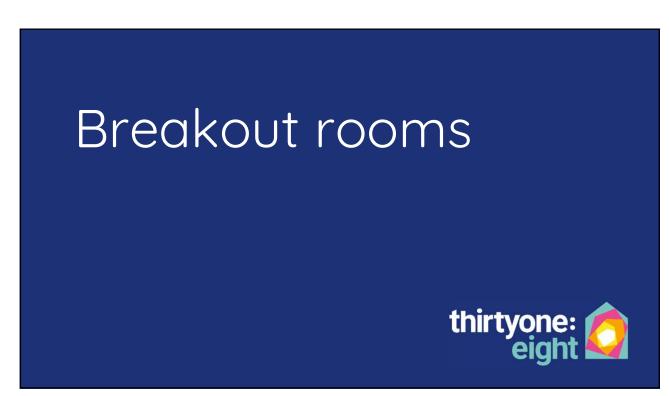






### The 4 areas:

- Skills
- Capacity
- Knowledge
- Role of others



### Understanding the lead's role: What does the role entail?

- Policy
- Training
- Teamwork [internally & externally]
- Record keeping
- Regular communication
- Recruitment
- Respond to safeguarding concerns

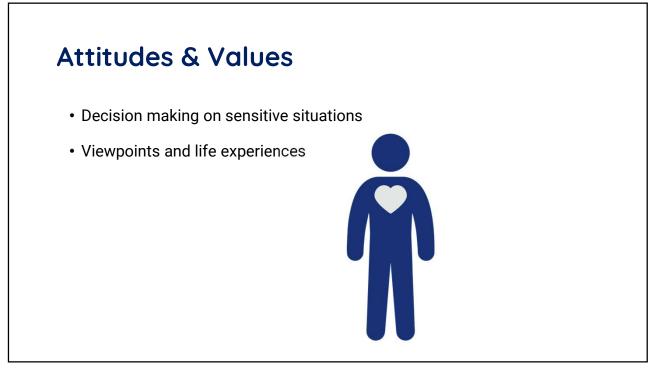
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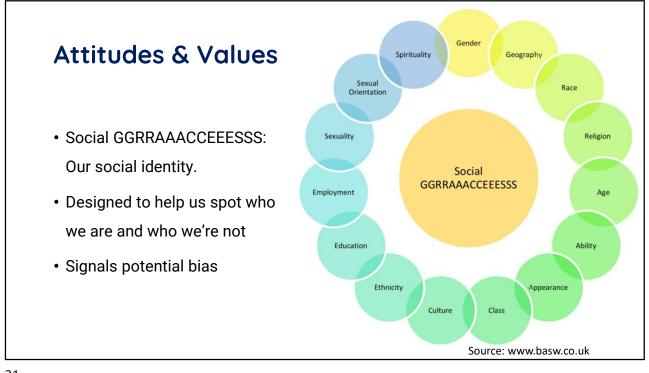
# Your wellbeing: What does the role NOT entail?

- Working excessively
- Doing everything yourself
- Knowing everything about safeguarding
- Feeling isolated
- On-call 24/7
- · Being a tokenistic role to meet requirements

# Your wellbeing

- Debriefing
- Pastoral support
- Time away from serious issues
- What do you do to relax?





# Exercise 1: Is someone at risk of harm?



### See handbook p.18

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🖓 = no

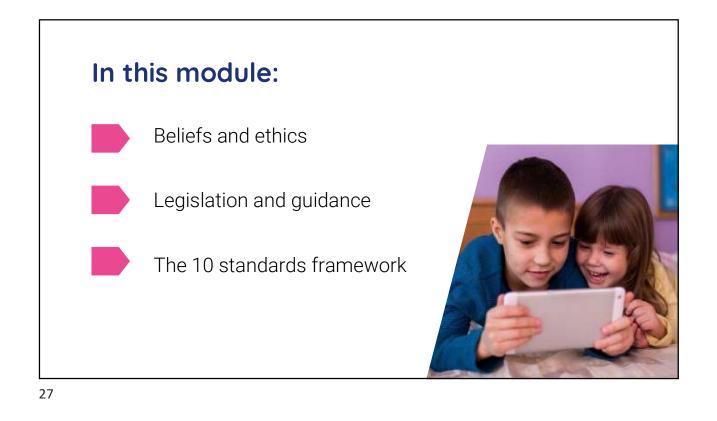
Action required as Safeguarding Lead.



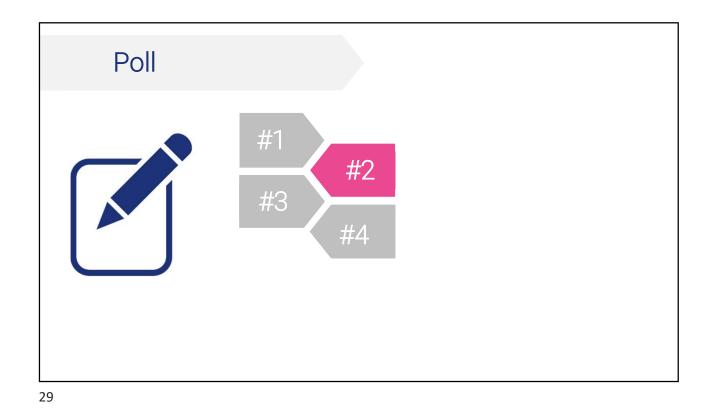


# coffee break **5:000**

Module 2: Creating good safeguarding practice



# **Beliefs and ethics** What does the Lord require of you? To act justly, love mercy and walk humbly before our God. *Micah 6:8* Looking out for others is key, not only to their welfare but also to our own. *World Happiness Report*





# Legislation and guidance: The Charity Regulators

- Charity Commission
- Charity Commission Northern Ireland
- Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator

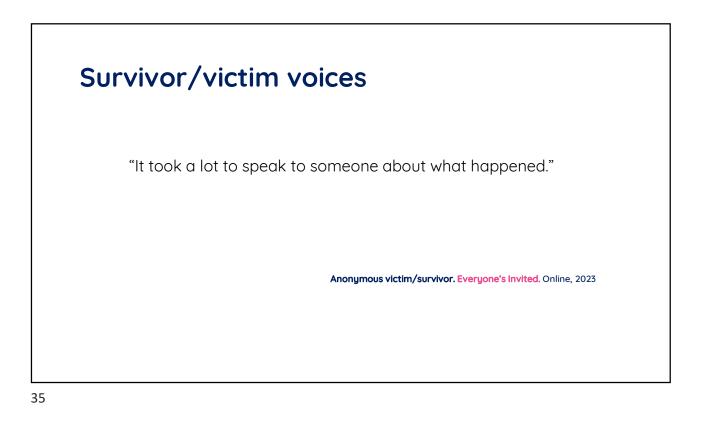
# Legislation and guidance: Charity Regulators - functions

- Oversight of charitable organisations
- Taking enforcement action when malpractice or misconduct is alleged
- · Provision of guidance and support to charities





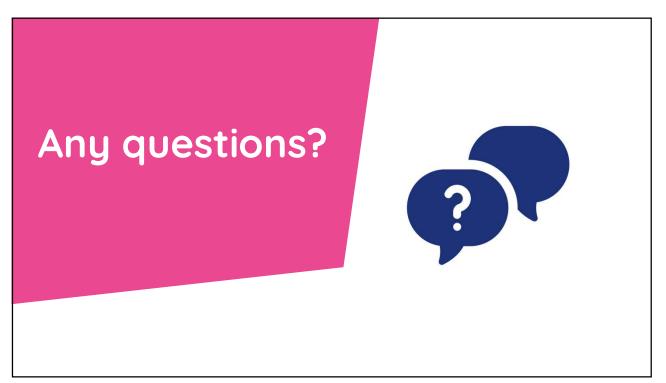




# 1. Governance 2. Culture 3. Safeguarding policy 4. Safer recruitment 5. Training & awareness







# End of part one

# See you soon for part two!

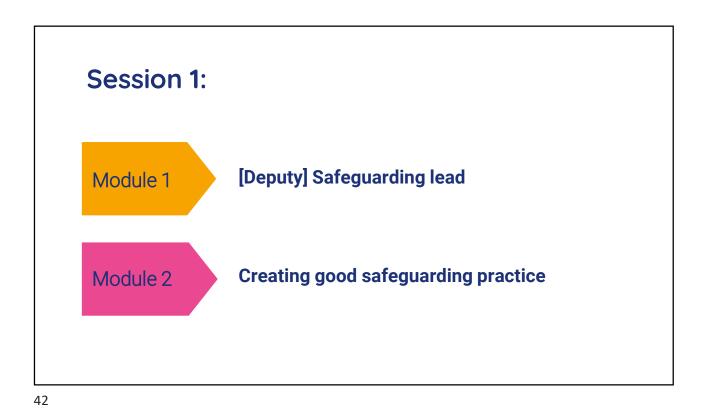


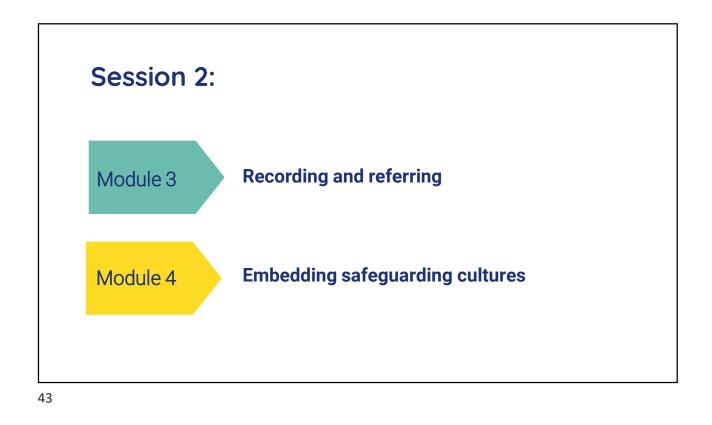
Safeguarding Leads [and Deputies] Training

Session 2

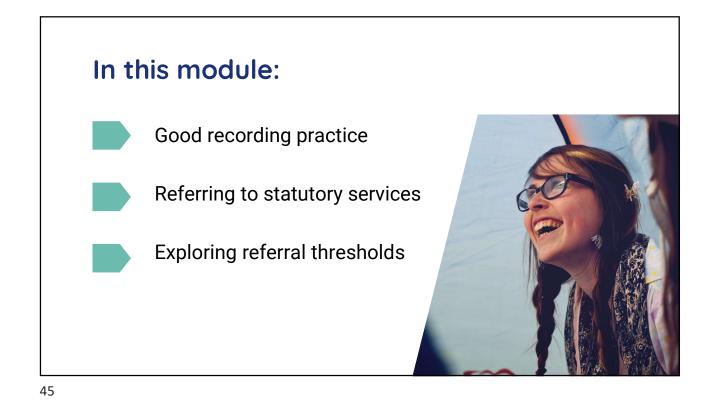


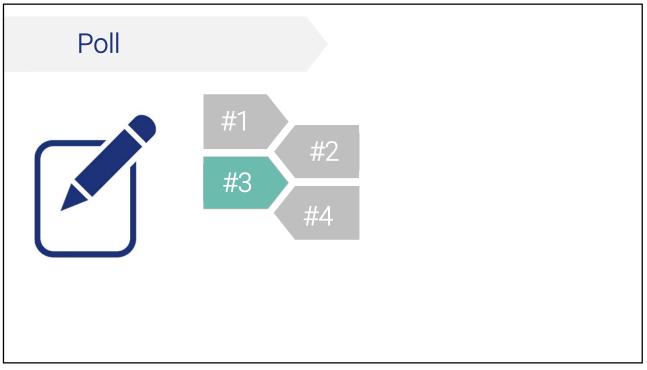






# Module 3: **Recording and referring**





# Good recording practice: Store securely

- Secure physical or online location
- Separate files
- Head office / umbrella organisations' policy?

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# Good recording practice: Case management systems

- Purpose built systems
- Cloud storage system
- Limit access and pass on when no longer in role



- Record known 'when, where, what, why and how' of the disclosure – in note form within an hour
- Don't investigate
- Keep confidentiality where possible
- Add historic concerns or observations
- Facts NOT opinion

# Good recording practice: Non-victim-blaming language

In your record keeping:

- Focus on the perpetrator or the action
- Avoid 'triggering' language

# Breakout rooms



### 51

# Scenario 1:

- · After-school club
- Report from volunteer
- Topless selfies
- Images shared without permission

# Scenario 2:

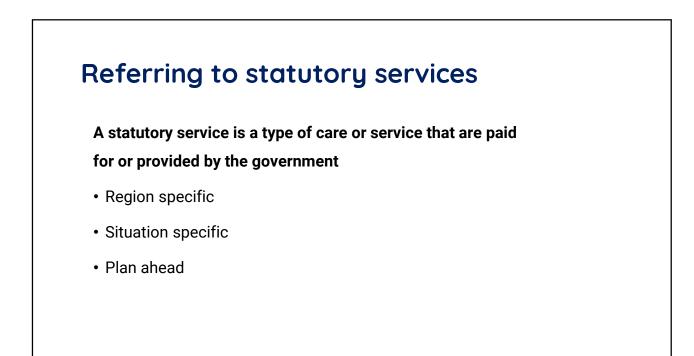
- Foodbank
- Domestic abuse background
- · Concerns about a child known to child social care
- Parental reluctance

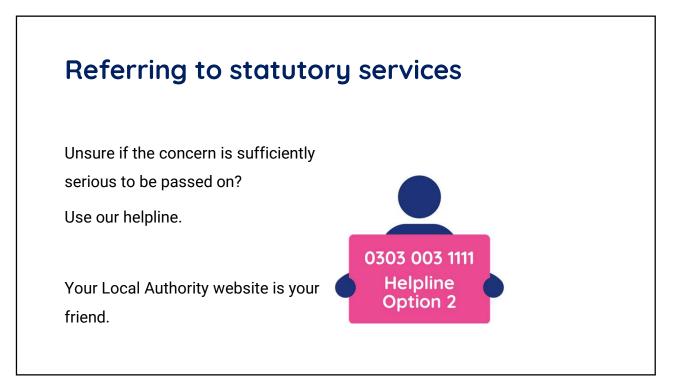
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# Responding well: Information and action

For every safeguarding concern received:

- Gather information
- Take action (in some form)
  - Always record
  - Sometimes refer







- Children: Concerns should be reported
- · Notify services before parents/carers
- Online: report to the Child Exploitation and Online Protection Command (CEOP)
- · Serious incidents: Report to Charity Regulator
- · Incidents: report to your insurance company

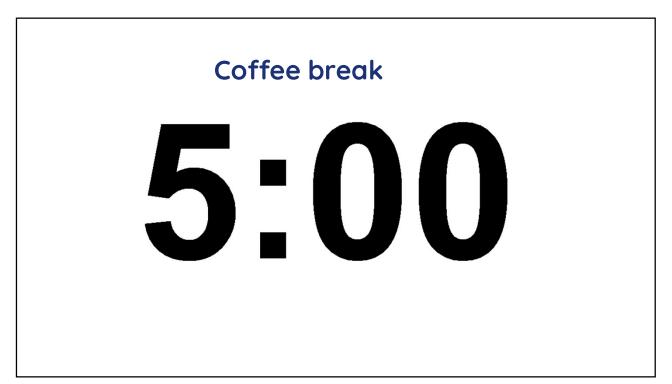


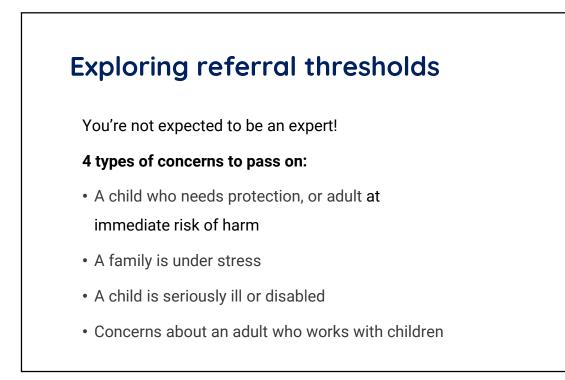
# **Referring to statutory services**

- Share your safeguarding title
- State you have a Safeguarding concern
- · Have notes to hand
- If unhappy with the outcome, challenge it

# Break







# Exploring referral thresholds Duty to report

### For children:

Concerns SHOULD be passed on

Treat child-on-child\* abuse as abuse perpetrated by adults

\*previously described as peer-on-peer

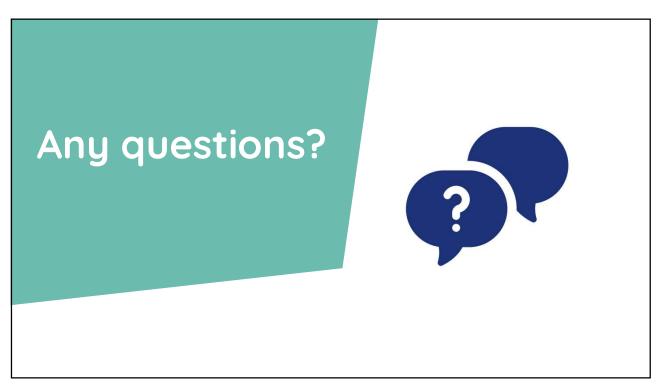
# **Exploring referral thresholds**

### For adults:

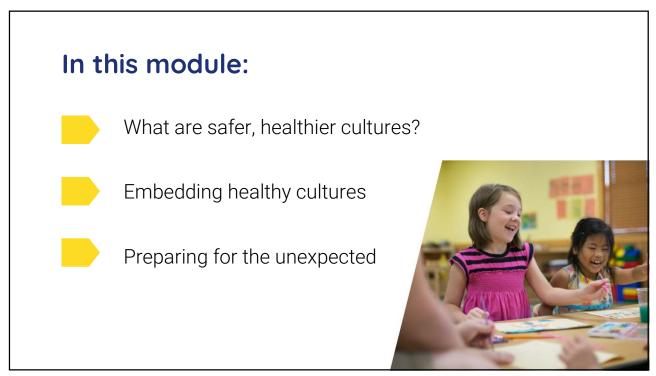
Immediate risk of harm

Concern around the mental capacity of the adult

If a crime has been committed



# Module 4: Embedding safeguarding cultures





# What are safer, healthier cultures? Transparent structures and accountability mechanisms

- Formal and informal structures
- Avoid undermining safeguarding efforts
- Consider hybrid environments

# Breakout rooms

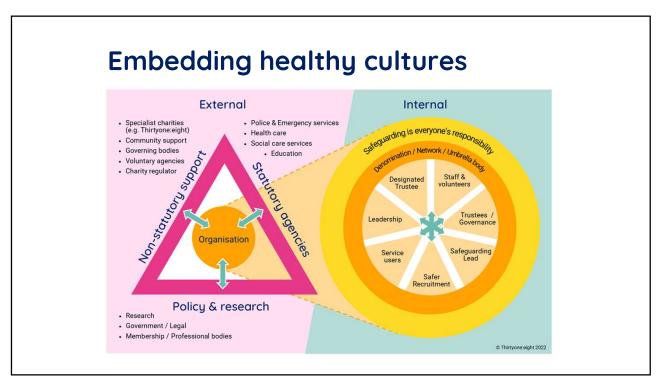


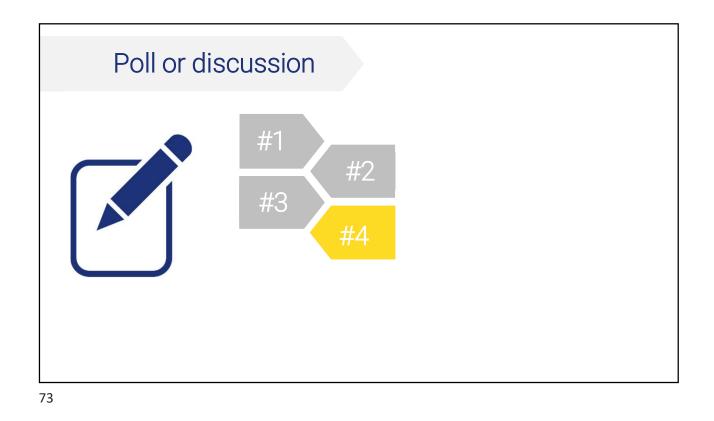
# What are safer, healthier cultures? Clear governance and leadership

- Obvious leadership/governance structures
- Visible Safeguarding Lead
- Safeguarding in our organisation overlaps, reinforces and interacts with the wider culture

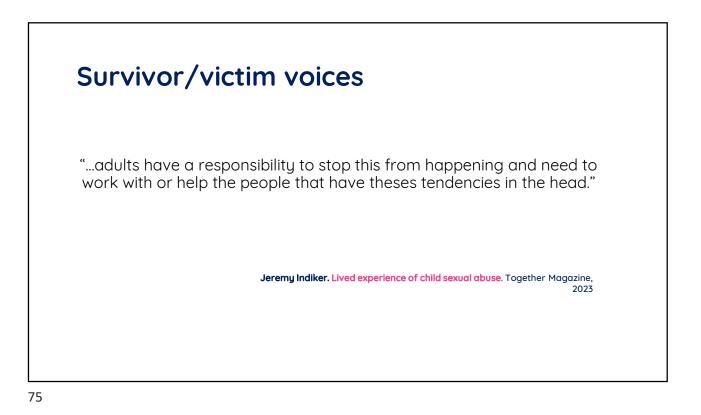
# What are safer, healthier cultures? Review and refresh

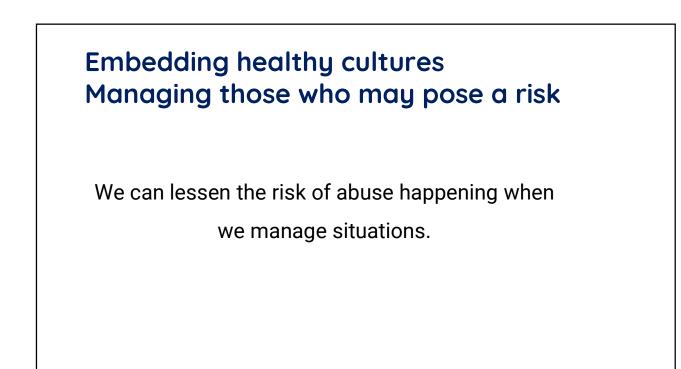
- Culture isn't static
- · Policies and practices need reviewing
- Do our policies reflect our current practice realities?
- Are our practice realities in line with safeguarding policies?













- A person who has a conviction/ convictions of violence or sexual harm to children or adults
- A person who has been accused of a violent or sexual offence
- A person whose behaviour is of concern, and they have ignored advice

# Embedding healthy cultures Managing those who may pose a risk

- Stage 1 calling a meeting
- Stage 2 church activities
- Stage 3 risk assessment
- Stage 4 the contract
- Stage 5 review meeting



